## **Chapter 1. DEFINITIONS**

## **Section 1.10.** Terms used in this ordinance are defined as follows.

- (a) "BOD" (Biochemical Oxygen Demand) means the quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedure in five (5) days at 20 degrees C., expressed in milligrams per liter.
- (b) "Building used for human habitation" means either a dwelling or a business that has or needs a water supply or that has or needs a drain, drain system, or plumbing fixture, as those terms are defined in Section Comm. 81.01, Wisconsin Administrative Code.
- (c) "Commission" means the governing body of District.
- (d) "District" means the Pikes Bay Sanitary District, Town of Bayfield, Bayfield County, Wisconsin.
- (e) "Greater Bayfield Wastewater Treatment Plant Commission" ("GBWWTPC") means the commission formed by the intermunicipal agreement by and between the District and the City of Bayfield, Wisconsin.
- (f) "Industrial Wastes" means any liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade, or business or the development of any natural resource.
- (g) "Licensed plumber" means a plumber currently licensed as such by the State of Wisconsin.
- (h) "May" is permissive. "Shall" is mandatory.
- (i) "Normal Concentration" means:
  - (a) 5-day, 20 degree C., BOD. of not more than 200 mg/l., and
  - (b) A total suspended solids content of not more than 250 mg/l.
- (j) "Normal Sewage" means sanitary sewage or other wastes in which BOD, suspended solids, or other deleterious chemical concentrations do not exceed normal concentrations.
- (k) "Person" means any individual, firm, company, municipal or private corporation, limited liability entity, association, society, institution, enterprise, governmental agency, or other entity.
- (1) "Physical plant" means the public sewer system as defined herein.
- (m) "Properly Ground Garbage" means the wastes from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food that have been shredded to such a degree that all particles

will be carried freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than one-half (1/2) inch in any dimension.

- (n) "Public Sewer System" means the sewage collection and treatment facilities, and all appurtenances thereto, owned and operated by the District or the GBWWTPC.
- (o) "Residential Equivalent Unit" ("REU") means the unit of measurement which consists of the amount of Normal Sewage contributed to the system from a single family residence in an average amount not to exceed 250 gallons per day. Residential Equivalent Unit shall be the proportional unit of measurement used in this Ordinance when establishing the distribution of costs for operation and maintenance of the collection and treatment system.
- (p) "Sanitary Sewer" means a sewer which carries sewage and to which storm, surface, and groundwaters are not intentionally admitted.
- (q) "Sewage" means a combination of the water-carried wastes from residences, business buildings, institutions, and industrial establishments, together with such ground, surface, and storm waters as may be present.
- (r) "Slug" means any nonroutine, episodic discharge, such as a discharge resulting from a spill or a noncustomary batch discharge.
- (s) "Total Suspended Solids" or "TSS" means solids that either float on the surface of, or are in suspension in water, sewage, or other liquids, and which are removable by laboratory filtering.
- **Section 1.20.** Terms used in the ordinance but not defined in this chapter have their usual and ordinary meaning for the context in which they are found.